

SAMOA.

The Rebel Chief Has
Agreed to an Armistice.

MANILA.

General Hale
Wounded in Action.

FOREIGN NEWS.

BLUEFIELDS.

Commander Dayton
Authorized to Use Force.

CUBA.

A Woman Who
Salon Directs PoliticA LITTLE PRINCESS
TO WED A BIG PRINCE.A Granddaughter of the
Queen Will Marry the
Kaiser's Cousin.

SEVENTEEN AND A BEAUTY.

The Eldest Daughter of the Duke
of Connaught and Prince Fred-
erick William of Prussia.Special Cable to the Journal and
Advertiser.
(Copyright, 1899, by the New York
Journal and Advertiser.)

LONDON.

May 3.—The betrothal of Princess Margaret of Connaught to Prince Frederick William, son of Prince Albert of Prussia, is announced. The Princess is the eldest daughter and second child of the Duke of Connaught, the third son of Queen Victoria. She is seventeen years old, but looks a mere child. She is a beauty in a childish fashion and is much admired. Prince Frederick William is a second cousin of the German Emperor, and is a large and soldierly looking man.

"The Little Princess," as she is known at Bagshot, was christened Margaret Victoria Augusta Charlotte Nora. She was born on March 11, 1882. In appearance she resembles her father, the handsome member of the royal family, rather than her mother, the Princess Louise of Prussia.

Prince Frederick William was born in Bletso on July 12, 1880. He is lieutenant of the First Regiment of Foot Guards and a cavalier of the Order of the Black Eagle. His father is Frederick William Nicholas Albert, a cousin of the Kaiser.

TO DEPRIVE SOCIALISTS
OF THE SUFFRAGE.A Proposition Made Seriously to the
German Reichstag by the Agra-
rian Von Kardorff.Special Cable to the Journal and
Advertiser.
(Copyright, 1899, by the New York
Journal and Advertiser.)

Berlin, May 3.—Baron von Kardorff, the Agrarian leader, surprised the Reichstag today by a proposition, sincerely meant, to deprive all Social Democrats, who were either actively or passively engaged in advancing the socialist propaganda, of the suffrage for a term of five years. In this way he thinks that socialism will be gradually stamped out.

ITALIAN MINISTRY QUILTS.

Without Waiting for a Decisive Vote,
Premier Pelloux Retires from His Post.

Rome, May 3.—Immediately upon the opening of the Chamber of Deputies today General Pelloux, the Premier and Minister of the Interior, arose and addressed an attentive House. He said:

"In consequence of interpolations touching the Chinese question the Government has been forced to consider the gravity of the situation. The effect of yesterday's debate showed a large minority in the Cham-

WOMAN WIELDS THE
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of the Island Is Discussed—Gomez
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HAVANA.

May 3.—The future of Cuba will probably be largely influenced by a woman, and one who holds a salon which is visited by the best known men not only of Havana but of the entire island.

General Maximo Gomez is a constant visitor and a welcome guest of this woman, and dines with her from three to five times a week. Mme. Cespedes, the woman in question, is the widow of the first President of Cuba in the Ten Years' War. She is brilliant and witty, and lived many years in Paris. She looks many years younger than she is.

It is considered in Havana to be a great honor to be on Mme. Cespedes's visiting list. Decisions reached at Mme. Cespedes's salon are far more effective than any decree passed by the recently defunct Cuban Assembly. In those gatherings there is no such narrow-mindedness shown as is exhibited by Cubans of smaller mental caliber, but two of standing who are devoted to the principle of Cuban national independence are welcomed to the salon and assist in its conduct.

It is believed by persons who are in a position to know that a full understanding has been reached by Mme. Cespedes and General Gomez regarding Cuba's future and the first President of the proposed Republic, but after the action of the Assembly in annulling his course it was considered that his candidacy would probably meet with strong opposition.

FIERCE FIGHT TO
RESCUE CUBAN BANDITS.Four Outlaws Killed in Santiago Pro-
vince While Seeking to Release
Their Chief.

Santiago de Cuba, May 3.—Yesterday at Mayari, in this province, between Holguin and Sagua de Tanamo, an attempt was made by four outlaws to rescue the bandit chief Miguel Gonzalez and five other bandits in the custody of the rural guards. The sentinel who detected the attempt fired, wounding one of the outlaws. The guards rushed to the assistance of the sentry and a sharp fight ensued, all the while rescuers being killed. Two of the guards were wounded. The prisoners have since been removed to Baracoa.

The efficient services of the gendarmes in rapidly restoring serenity in this province.



"The Little Princess" of Connaught
This granddaughter of the Queen will
wed the cousin of the Kaiser.

her of Deputies against our action in China, which would be supported by only a weak majority. All the interruptions on yesterday, however favorable to the reverse, united in disapproving the method followed by the Government on this occasion. Therefore, there could be no result from further discussion.

General Pelloux said he wondered how a modest commercial initiative in China could justify fears of military expansion in Erythraea. The Government, he said, could not consent to withdraw Italian war ships from the Yellow Sea, and therefore resigned.

King Humbert has reserved his decision relative to the resignation of the Ministry, but the Cabinet will remain in office for the dispatch of current business.

VENEZUELA WANTS
TO DECORATE SAMPSON.The Order of the Bust of Bolivar to Be
Conferred Upon Officers of
Our Navy.

Washington, May 3.—Minister Louis has informed the Department of State that he was requested by the Minister of Foreign Affairs of Venezuela to inform the department that it is the earnest desire of his Government to confer upon Admiral Sampson and the commanding officers of the North Atlantic squadron that recently visited La Guayra, and also upon Commander C. C. Todd of the Wilmington, the decoration of the Bust of Bolivar.

THE AMERICAN TOREADORS
OF FAIR DURANGO.Censures of the English Speaking Clergy
Continue, but There is the
Usual Exception.

City of Mexico, May 3.—The coming bull fight at Durango, in which Americans will perform, is still denounced by the English-speaking clergy, with few exceptions. One clergyman says he cannot see what particular sin there is in bull fighting any more than in pugilism and horse racing. The Catholic clergy are preaching sermons against the present suicidal mania and urging more devotion to the worship of the Virgin of Guadalupe, which course is also advocated by the Bishop of Tepic, in a pastoral letter.

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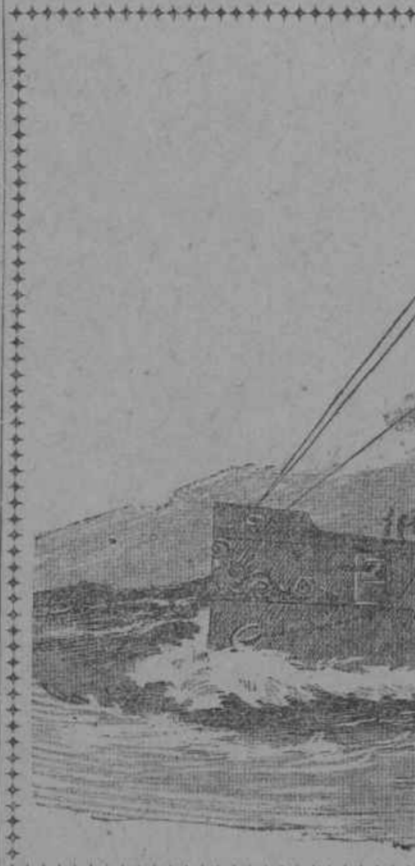
The efficient services of the gendarmes in rapidly restoring serenity in this province.

PARIS WOULD OVER
LOIE'S NEW DANCE.Like a Cherub She Floats
Down Stairs into a Moon-
lit Garden.

A GREAT MAN KISSES HER.

Representatives of Art, Science,
Literature and Drama Carried
Off Their Feet.(Copyright, 1899, by the New York
Journal and Advertiser.)
May 4.—2 p. m.—
Loie Fuller, who goes
to London in a few

PARIS.



U. S. S. Detroit, Protecting the Interests of Americans at Bluefields.

Commander Dayton, the war ship's captain, has full discretion to prevent the Nicaraguan Government
from molesting American merchants
and protecting the goods upon which they have already paid duty, and
upon which it is trying to force them to pay a second time.

days with new dance effects, gave an entertainment last night which was certainly the unique thing of the present Paris season.

The guests represented science, art, literature and drama. Toward midnight they were invited to the garden, where presently a cherub-like figure, dressed in vaporous, trailing garments, descended, or rather seemed to float, down stairs.

The figure passed into the garden, selecting a smooth patch of lawn lighted by a pale moon and by yellow Chinese lanterns, and began a mixture of skirt, serpentine and Turkish dance.

It was a wild success. Even the great Chinese representative in his yellow riding habit was carried off his feet. Benjamin Constant, the famous painter, in his excess of enthusiasm, pressed a couple of sounding kisses on the cheeks of the fair loie.

AMERICAN SAILOR IN
TWO WARS IN ONE YEAR.A Bluejacket's Plain Tale of the Hot
Time He Has Been Having
Ashore at Samoa.

From the letter of a sailor on the cruiser Philadelphia, dated at Apia on March 24, is taken the following description of the fighting on shore:

"Dear Mother—We have been ashore here for the last ten days. Our ship and the English men-of-war bombarded the town for three days. We have been fighting ashore right up to yesterday, and drove the natives back to the woods. We lost two men killed and one wounded. The English had three killed and four wounded so far. This makes the second war in one year, so I am doing pretty good.

I rejoined the navy one week after the Maine was blown up and went out to Manila in the Peking. I had just come from there when I sent the papers from Honolulu.

"We expect to have trouble with the Germans, as they have been helping the natives here. They are the cause of this trouble. We arrested an ex-German officer who has been drilling the natives, but I guess you will read a better account of it in the Journal than I can give you. There are 150 of us and 150 English ashore here, and we have a hot time of it night and day with those natives."

ONTARIO SEIZES
AMERICAN NETS.

Toronto, Ont., May 3.—The Ontario Government, which has secured full control of the inland fisheries, commenced today the strict enforcement of the law against the American fishermen by seizing nets at many places.

EFFECT OF SANITATION
SHOWN IN HAVANA.

HAVANA.

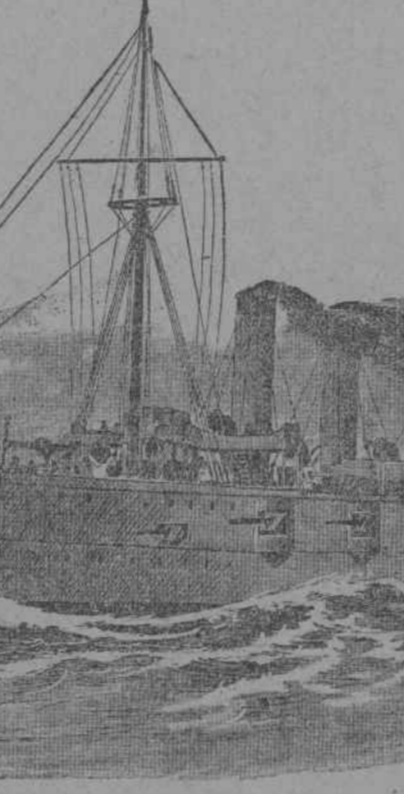
May 3.—The most recent reports regarding the health of Havana's population show a great and continuing improvement, with a death rate only two-thirds of that officially recorded for the corresponding period of last year. Not a single case of yellow fever is known to exist.

The health of the American troops throughout the island is exceptionally good. The outbreak of typhoid fever among the members of the Eighth United States Cavalry at Puerto Principe has been completely subdued, and only a few convalescents now remain there.

FORCE, IF NEED BE,
FOR NICARAGUA.She Must Do Justice to Amer-
ican Citizens or She Will
Be Made To.DAYTON HAS DISCRETION.
State Department Holds That
Merchants Are Right in Re-
fusing to Pay Duties Twice.(Copyright, 1899, by the New York
Journal and Advertiser.)
May 3.—The
State Department holds
that American citizens in
Nicaragua are
justified in refusing to pay again customs

WAS HINGTON.

Washington, May 3.—Letters addressed to the Spanish Minister at Washington are beginning to arrive, and until the Duke d'Arcos reaches here the letters are being delivered to the French Embassy. The



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due to General Torres, the Nicaraguan commander at Bluefields, on goods on which they have already paid duty to General Reyes when he was the representative of the de facto government. The attitude of General Torres in demanding that they pay again to the Zelaya Government customs dues paid once in full to General Reyes is held by the State Department to represent not the attitude of an individual, but of the Government.

Therefore, it is not within the range of diplomacy for the United States to demand the removal of General Torres, for that would not abate the obnoxious tax demands or remove the cause of the threatened clash. The demands of Torres are inspired by official orders of the Government of Nicaragua.

Having affirmed the correctness of the position maintained by American citizens at Bluefields, and shown that the Government of Nicaragua is officially involved in the State Department is prepared to sustain its citizens, even if the result means war with Nicaragua.

No official dispatches were made public today, either from Minister Merry or Commander Dayton, of the Detroit, and it was said that nothing had been received.

HAMBURG USING
CANDLES AND TORCHES.Destruction of a Cable Shuts Off the
Supply of Electric Light of
the City.

Special Cable to the Journal and
Advertiser.
(Copyright, 1899, by the New York
Journal and Advertiser.)

Hamburg, May 4, 3 a. m.—Hamburg presents an unusual scene this morning. Thousands of the city shutters are closed, and the night the shops that usually are brilliantly illuminated with electric lights, showed the dim glimmer of candles. The cause of these conditions is the stoppage of the electric light by the burning of a cable.

Thousands of businesses suffered enormous damage. At the Thalia Theatre the first act was performed on a stage lighted from accumulators. The remaining acts were played in candle light.

The repair of the cable is being carried on by torchlight. The Deutsche Nachrichten could not appear this morning on account of the stoppage of the current.

DUKE OF PARMA SUEW
BY HIS SON-IN-LAW.Prince Ferdinand Claims Annuity Pro-
vided for in His Marriage
Contract.

Vienna, May 3.—The Volks-Zeitung today says that Prince Ferdinand of Bulgaria has begun suit against his father-in-law, the Duke of Parma, for refusing, since the death of Princess Marie, wife of Prince Ferdinand, to pay the annuity fixed in the marriage contract.

The ground of such refusal is the allegation that Prince Ferdinand had violated the contract by having Prince Boris, his son, baptized into the Orthodox Church.

Madrid, May 3.—The Cabinet Council today decided to devote 5,000,000 pesetas to improving the fortifications in the Canary Islands.

Special consideration was given to a dispatch from General Rios, Spain's principal military representative in the Philippines, expressing his belief that the Washington Government will show a conciliatory attitude regarding the fact that the United States will not tolerate violations of the rights of its citizens.

JUMPED SIXTY FEET
AND THEN WALKED AWAY.Leaped from the Third Story of a Burn-
ing Hotel and Not Even
Stunned.

London, May 3.—Stanley Hunt had a marvellous escape from death at Finsbury today.

He was one of the guests at the Finsbury Hotel, which caught fire shortly before daylight. Hunt, finding the stairs in flames, leaped from the third-story window and fell with a thud on the pavement, sixty feet below.

There was the surprise of the spectators, he arose and walked to the hospital, followed by a cheering, enthusiastic crowd.

WORK FOR THE NEW
MINISTER OF SPAIN.Letters Addressed to the
Duke d'Arcos Already Ar-
riving in Washington.

THE ARCHIVES BOXED UP.

Former First Secretary of the
Legation Likely to Be Reap-
pointed to His Old Post.(Copyright, 1899, by the New York
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Manuel Arzobispo and Lieutenant Jose Bernat, the release of the Spanish prisoners held by the Filipinos was considered. The envoys intimated that all prisoners now held by the Filipinos, including the Spaniards, are American prisoners, as America has taken the place of Spain and by the substitution America becomes the natural enemy of the insurgents.

The envoys today ended the pretense that they represent only General Luna, and declared themselves delegates from Aguinaldo himself. They asked General Otis to write a reply to the letter of Senor Mabini, the nominal Premier and Minister of Foreign Affairs in the cabinet of the Dictator, but the General declined the request, on the ground that a formal letter to Mabini would be a recognition of the insurgent government.

Major Arzobispo said that Aguinaldo would be able to continue the fight for months, and in spite of the certainty of ultimate defeat, would keep up the war unless he were granted peace with dignity.

General Otis sends provisions to the American prisoners at Sanluis. The envoys promise to attend to the distribution. They say that no money is needed by the prisoners as all now held are well treated.

Brigadier-General Irving Hall, commanding a brigade in General MacArthur's division, received a slight wound in the leg on April 26. No report of the wound was made before, in fulfillment of a request from the General. The injury does not keep him from duty.

GEN. MACARTHUR STILL
ADVANCING NORTHWARD.

Manila, May 3.—The exodus of natives from the insurgent lines continues. By filling in the roads where it was required, the natives came on the rivers and plowing fields south of Malolos, the American army is in a fine position for the expected decisive blow.

General MacArthur has moved his headquarters to San Jose, across the Rio Grande. General Wheaton's brigade has advanced beyond Apalit. General Lawton has returned to cooperate with General Lawton.

At Balibag last evening there was a running fight in the course of which one American soldier was killed and three were wounded. The rebels scattered before General Lawton and General Hale.

Yesterday, while Captain Wheeler, with a company of the Fourth Cavalry, was covering General Hale's advance, he discovered a large body of rebels at Pullan. The cavalry opened fire, but there was no response. Thinking that the rebels wanted

to surrender, Lieutenant Hall went forward to parley with them. The Filipinos replied that they did not wish to surrender, but that they had been ordered to refrain from fighting during the negotiations. They asked what Lieutenant Hall wanted, and in reply were given half an hour in which to retire, a privilege that they improve.

A Spanish prisoner who escaped into the American lines reports that after General Hale's advance on Gulangui two hundred Filipinos were killed in a battle. The American forces have been in the city for several months.

The names of the men unaccounted for, with such data relative to their enlistment, and other data on the records of the Navy Department show are as follows:

John Dillon, landsman, enlisted at Mare Island, Cal., born at Penn. Ind.; next of kin, E. B. Edwards, father, Mexico, Ind.

Charles Albert Morrissey, landsman, enlisted at Mare Island, born at Columbia, S. D.; next of kin, Mrs. J. C. Morrissey, Lincoln, Neb.

Orin B. McDonald, ordinary seaman, enlisted at Mare Island, born at Arnel, Cal.; next of kin, J. L. McDonald, father, Monterey, Cal.

William H. Sanders, coxswain, enlisted at Mare Island, born at Amsterdam, Holland; next of kin, Mrs. M. H. Nyholm, cousin, No. 520 Connecticut street, San Francisco.

Orson W. Woodbury, seaman, enlisted at Gloucester, Mass., born 1870, Mass.; next of kin, J. G. Woodbury, father, No. 143 Maple street, Lynn.

Doyle George Arthur Venville, apprentice, second class, enlisted at Mare Island, born at Dudley, Eng.; next of kin, E. M. Venville, brother, Oregon.

E. J. Nygard, gunner's mate, third class, enlisted at New York, born Warsaw, Russia; next of kin, Sophia Nygard, wife, No. 1631 Atlantic avenue, Brooklyn, N. Y.

side will await the arrival of the Commissioners of the three protecting Governments.

The German representative, however, declined to sign the proclamation announcing the cessation of hostilities.

OUR NORTHERN NEIGHBOR
IN HIGH PROSPERITY.The Canadian Minister of Finance An-
nounces No Changes in
the Tariff.

Ottawa, Ont., May 3.—Hon. W. S. Fielding, Minister of Finance, delivered the budget speech in the House of Commons yesterday. The revenue for 1898 was \$40,555,284, and the expenditure \$38,832,325, leaving a surplus of \$1,722,712. For the current year he said that the revenue would be \$40,032,358, and the expenditure \$42,028,028, showing a surplus of \$4,000,000.

The public debt had been increased by \$2,500,000 during the past year, and there would be a further increase of about \$1,700,000 this year. There would be, he stated, no changes in the tariff, but all inspection fees and all regulations except those necessary to insure safety in regard to coal oil will be abolished.

Mr. Fielding stated that at the present time Canada was enjoying an unparalleled era of prosperity.

MAIDS OF SAXONY MUST
QUIT CORSETS OR SCHOOL.

Special Cable to the Journal and
Advertiser.
(Copyright, 1899, by the New York
Journal and Advertiser.)

Berlin, May 3.—The Minister of Education of Saxony has issued a decree to-day that children of the age of ten and twelve years have become addicted to tight lacing, and it is feared that the continuance of the custom will prove pernicious to posterity.

Though girls and their mothers strongly protest against the new measure, some going so far as to threaten to boycott the schools, the preponderance of public opinion approves of the Minister's action.

GEN. HALE WOUNDED,
BUT REMAINS ON DUTY.American and Spanish Pris-
oners All the Same
to Filipinos.

FIGHTING IS RESUMED.

Aguinaldo Wanted Peace, but
Declined to Surrender
Unconditionally.Special Cable to the Journal and
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